

**A O S T A V A L L E Y A C T I V I T Y**

**THE STUDY OF SNOW AVALANCHES FROM A CLIMATE CHANGE PERSPECTIVE**

Segor V.<sup>1</sup>, Pitet L.<sup>1</sup>, Bovet E.<sup>2</sup>, Dellavedova P.<sup>2</sup>, Steinkogler W.<sup>3</sup>, Veitinger J.<sup>3</sup>, McElwaine J.<sup>3</sup>, Maggioni M.<sup>4</sup>, Chiambretti I.<sup>5</sup>, Prola M.<sup>6</sup>, Barbero S.<sup>6</sup> and Sovilla B.<sup>3</sup>

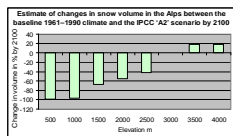
1. Struttura assetto idrogeologico dei bacini montani, Autonomous Region of Aosta Valley, Italy
2. Fondazione Montagna sicura, Aosta Valley, Italy
3. WSL Institute for Snow and Avalanche Research SLF, Davos, Switzerland
4. University of Torino, DISAFA and Natriks-LNSA, Gressoney-La-Trinitè (AO), Italy
5. AINEVA, Trento, Italy
6. ARPA Piedmont, Italy

**CLIMATE CHANGE AND SNOW AVALANCHES**

- Increase in air temperature
- Increase in extreme rainfall events
- Progressive increase in snowfall limit



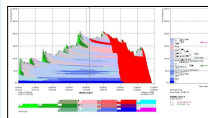
- Snowpack characteristics ?
- Avalanche types, size and frequency ?



Bonstein, M. (2012). Is snow in the Alps receding or disappearing? *WIREs Clim Change*, 3: 349-358. doi: 10.1002/wcc.179

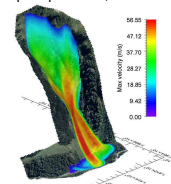
**INNOVATIVE METHODOLOGIES**

- Snow cover evolution model: SNOWPACK / ALPINE 3D
- Snow cover properties
  - Snow cover distribution
  - Climate change scenarios simulation



Lehning, M. and Fierz, C. (2009). Assessment of snow transport in avalanche terrain. *Cold Regions Science and Technology*, 51: 249-252.  
Lehning, M., Vissler, C., Christen, M., Nagler, T., A., Saito, M., and Zappala, M. (2009). *Alpine3D: A detailed model of mountain surface processes and its application to snow hydrology*. *Hydrological Processes*, 23: 171-188.  
Bovet, M., Lehning, M., Jones, T., and Liew, H. (2009). Simulations of future snow cover and discharge in Alpine headwater catchments. *Hydrological Processes*, 23(1): 95-108.

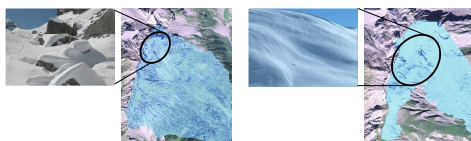
- 3D avalanche dynamics model: RAMMS
- Runout distance, flow height, velocity, impact pressure, erosion



Christen, M., Kowalke, J., and Bartel, P. (2010). RAMMS: Numerical simulation of three-dimensional snow avalanches in three-dimensional terrain. *Cold Regions Science and Technology*, 52: 1-14.

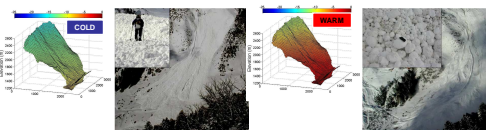
There is a LACK of models able to simulate the influence of different snowpack properties on avalanche release and runout distance.

Spatial distribution of snow cover properties are important (roughness)



Veitinger, J., B. Sovilla and R. Purves. Influence of snow depth distribution on terrain morphology: A multi-scale approach, in preparation for "The Cryosphere"

Temperature affects granulation and therefore mobility (velocity, runout)



Steinkogler W., B. Sovilla and M. Lehning. Influence of snow cover properties on avalanche dynamics Submitted to *Cold Regions Science and Technology*

**STRADA Project:**  
Climate change and snow avalanches+ Innovative methodologies  
=  
New procedures in the risk mitigation strategies on roads and ski-resorts

**NEW PROCEDURES IN THE RISK MITIGATION STRATEGIES ON ROADS AND SKI-RESORTS**



20-21 FEBRUARY 2013 Forte di Bard Aosta Valley - Italy

Corresponding author: v.segor@regione.vda.it